

measuringSYSTEM MA-Di

OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS



Postberg + Co. offers an allround range around the energy-efficient use of compressed air in industry

From efficiency consulting to customized product development of measuring and sensor technology – also customer-specific as OEM – up to professional support on all service and outsourcing levels – **Postberg + Co. offers you compressed air efficiency packaged under one roof.**

Please read these Operating Instructions before you start up the measuringSYSTEM. These Operating Instructions must be kept at a place that is accessible to all users at any time.

NOTES ON THE OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS



Notes

This arrow highlights **special issues** that are to be observed during operation.



WARNING

This symbol marks instructions where the failure to follow them will pose a **risk to the health and life of persons**.



CAUTION

This symbol draws your attention to instructions where the failure to follow them exactly may lead to damage or **destruction of the measuring system**.



Reference

This symbol makes a reference to **further information** in other manuals, chapters or sections.

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1 General

1 GENERAL

1.1 Incoming goods inspection, transport and storage

- Please make sure that the packaging is undamaged! Please notify any damage on the packaging to your supplier. Hold on to the damaged packaging until clarification is achieved.
- Please make sure that the content is undamaged! Please notify any damage on the packaging to your supplier. Keep the damaged item until clarification is achieved.
- **Check the scope of supplies** against the delivery documents and your order for completeness.
- For storage and transport, the device shall be packed in an impactresistant manner and protected against moisture. The original packaging offers optimum protection. In addition, the permissible ambient conditions shall be ensured (P Section 4 Technical Data p. 12).
- In the case of queries, please contact your supplier or his central sales office.

2 SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

Please read these Operating Instructions before you start up the measuringSYSTEM. These Operating Instructions must be kept at a place that is accessible to all users at any time.

2.1 Intended use

The measuringSYSTEM is exclusively intended for use in piping line systems for operating compressed air, unless its permission for the use with other gases is expressly stated on the calibration certificate.

Due to its design, it can be operated in pressure systems up to PN 16.

Any other use than the one described does not ensure the safety of persons and the entire measuring device and is not permitted.

The manufacturer shall not be liable for damage that occurs as a result of improper or not intended use or installation. To avoid damage to the devices or health risks, **no manipulations with tools** on the measuring devices are allowed unless they are expressly described in these Operating Instructions.

The measuringSYSTEM must not be operated or assembled and dismantled under the ambient conditions indicated in the technical data. Otherwise, measurement inaccuracies occur or device failures cannot be excluded.

To ensure the safety of the user and the function of the devices, the start-up steps, inspections and maintenance activities recommended by the manufacturer shall be observed and conducted.

For reasons of clarity, these Operating Instructions do not include the complete detail information. Should you wish to obtain further information or should any special problems occur which are not described in detail in these Operating Instructions, the required information can be requested directly from the manufacturer.

2 Safety precautions

2.2 Installation, start-up and operation

The measuringSYSTEM was manufactured and tested for reliable operation and left the factory in a fault-free safe condition.

As user, you shall be responsible for compliance with all applicable safety regulations, e.g.:

- Installation regulations
- Local standards and regulations.

The manufacturer has taken every effort to ensure safe operation. The user has to make sure that the devices are placed and installed in such a way that their safe use is not affected. The devices were factory-tested and delivered in reliable operating condition. The present Operating Instructions include information and warnings that must be followed by the user to enable safe operation.

- Installation, start-up, operation and maintenance of the measuring device may **only be performed by trained and qualified personnel**. This qualified personnel must be authorised by the plant operator to perform the described activities.
- The qualified personnel must have read and understood these Operating Instructions and must follow the mentioned instructions.
- Check before starting up of the overall measuring point if all connections have been made correctly.
- Any damaged products must not be started up and shall be safeguarded against unintended start-up. The damaged product must be marked as defective.
- Any failure on the measuring point may only be remedied by authorised and trained personnel.
- If failures cannot be remedied, the products must be taken out of operation and safeguarded against unintended start-up.
- Any repairs which are not described in these Operating Instructions may only be performed directly by the manufacturer or the service organisation.

2.3 Disclaimer

In general, the manufacturer and his vicarious agents shall only be liable in the case of intent or gross negligence. The scope of liability shall be limited to the value of the relevant order placed to the manufacturer. The manufacturer shall not be liable for damage that occurs due to failure to follow the safety instructions, non-compliance with these Operating Instructions or the operating conditions. Any consequential damages shall be excluded from the liability. 3

FUNCTIONS AND APPLICATIONS | SCOPE OF SUPPLIES

Components List



Furthermore, the following is included in the scope of supplies:

- Calibration certificate according to ISO/IEC 17025
- Optional: Test badge for recalibration on the device



3.1 Electrical sensor Direct-i

With the aid of the calorimetric measuring principle, the sensor detects the standard volume flow of the operational compressed air. To this end, the standard volume flow is calculated on the basis of DIN ISO 2533 (1013.25 mbar, 15 °C and 0 % relative humidity) if not indicated otherwise in the calibration certificate. The unit of this is Nm³/h or Nl/min.

Please observe the General Operating Conditions of compressed air systems. The air quality of the operational compressed air has the following impact on the measuring accuracy:

Quality grades as per ISO 8573-1 Particles – moisture - oil	Measuring failure
1-4-1	± (3% of measured value+0.3%
	of end value of measuring range)
3-4-4	± (6% of measured value+0.6%
	of end value of measuring range)

Measuring signals

The instrument shows the current process values on display. It generates 2 output signals according to the parameter assignment.

- Current flow rate
- Current consumption rate (impulse output and totalizer)

Display

- A Current flow rate in Nm³/h or Nl/min
- Current consumption rate in Nm³
- Current mean velocity in Nm/s
- Current media temperature in °C
- Switching conditions of the relevant outputs

3 Functions and applications | Scope of supplies

Sensor output 1

- Switching signal as limit value for flow rate or flow speed, hysteresis or window function as normally open or normally closed contact.
- Quantity control by preselection meter.

Sensor output 2

- Switching signal as limit value for flow rate, flow speed or temperature, hysteresis or window function as normally open or normally closed contact.
- Analog signal (4...20 mA) for corresponding volume flow, flow speed or temperature.

Relative measuring range (%)

Measuring range	Detection range / display range	
0.33% (0.4%) - 100%	0%-120%	

The absolute measuring range is depending on the nominal width (see table below).

Absolute measuring range



The compressed air meter may be used for volume flow measurements of **operating compressed air up to an overpressure of 16 bar.**

Nominal width	Measuring range	Detection /
		display range
DN 15	0.33-100 m³/h	0-120 m³/h
DN 20	0.5-150 m³/h	0-180 m³/h
DN 25	0.8-250 m³/h	0-300 m³/h
DN 32	1.3-400 m³/h	0-480 m³/h
DN 40	2.1-620 m³/h	0-744 m³/h
DN 50	3.3-1000 m³/h	0-1200 m³/h

Data according to DIN ISO 2533 (15 °C, 1013 mbar and 0 % rel. humidity).



3.2 Measuring armature of brass

The measuring armature patented by Postberg + Co. is equipped with an integrated safety ball valve that accommodates the sensor unit. As a result, it enables the shut-off of the pressure line at any time and an easy sensor replacement.

It is possible to de-pressurize areas of the pressure network which are currently not in operation or not needed. As a result, leakage losses on the consumers are excluded during downtimes. The measuring armature is designed for **nominal pipe widths of DN 15 to DN 50**.



The measuring armature must not be dismantled (function loss) and can be used up to an overpressure of max. 16 bar.

3.3 PB+CO[®]lock-blind plug

The **PB+CO**[®]**lock**-blind plug protects the measuring point interface while the sensor is not installed. The **PB+CO**[®]**lock** provides a metallic seal and is equipped with a redundant O-ring sealing.

A significant benefit compared to the simple blind plug is that the enclosed compressed air may be released without any risk during an (unintended) dismantling under pressure. When turning the cap screw, a sufficient number of threads remains to prevent a "shooting off".



4 Technical data

3.4 ISO Calibration Points

The **MA-Di measuringSYSTEM** has been calibrated to your nominal width before delivery. At least six measuring points with defined nominal width, standard temperature and pressure are parameterized, started up on the test stand and checked regarding the standard volume. The calibration certificate according to ISO/IEC 17025 is included in the scope of supplies. Optionally, a test badge is attached to the device.

4 TECHNICAL DATA

4.1 Thermal mass flow sensor

The thermal mass flow sensor for the compressed air volume flow measurement depends on the process pressure and the fluid temperature.

Sensor	Thermal, glass-passivated ceramic sensor
Fluids	Compressed air, with special calibration also
Accuracy	for compressed air quality classes (ISO 8573: particle-moisture-oil) 1-4-1: ±3% of measured value, ±0.3% of end value for compressed air quality classes (ISO 8573) 3-4-4: ±6% of measured value ±0.6% of end value
Temperature control	± 2 °C
Reproducibility	±1.5 % of measured value
Display, operation	4-digit alphanumeric display, two operating buttons, operating menu, 5 x LED green (phys. units), 1 x LED green (10 ³), 2 x LED yellow (switching conditions)
Display units *	Nl/min, Nm ³ /h, Nm/s, Nm ³ , °C
Measurement dynamics	1:300
Response time	< 0.1s
Pressure-resistant	Up to 16 bar overpressure
Medium temperature	0 + 60 °C (max. 90 % rel. humidity)
Ambient temperature	0 + 60 °C
Storage temperature	-25+ 60 °C
Fluid contact	V2A (1.4301), ceramic glass-passivated, PEEK, polyester, Viton, anodized aluminium
Housing materials	PBT-GF 20, PC (APEC), Makrolon, V2A (1.4301), Viton
Degree of protection /	IP65/III
protection class	

Electrical connection	M12 x 1-plug, capacity up to 250 mA, short-circuit proof
Voltage supply	19 30 VDC, current input < 100 mA
Delay before start	1s



Due to its small size, the sensor has a very small surface for attack. Consequently, the pressure loss can be neglected (typically 1 mbar).

* The measuring, display and setting ranges refer to, unless indicated otherwise in the calibration report of sensor, to the standard volume flow according to DIN ISO 2533 (15 °C, 1013 mbar and 0% rel. humidity).

Output signals

Analog output	420 mA, measuring range scalable max. load 500 Ω
Impulse output	DN 15 - DN 25: 1 Imp./0.1 Nm ³
	DN 32 - DN 50: 1 Imp./1 Nm³
Current load capacity	2 x 250 mA, short-circuit proof, protected against polarity reversal, overload-proof

EMC

IEC 1000/4/2 ESD	4/8kV
IEC 1000/4/3 Hf radiated	10V/m
IEC 1000/4/4 Burst	2 kV
IEC 1000/4/6 Hf line-bound	10 V

4.2 Accessories

4.2.1 In- and outlet pipe (DN 15-DN 50)

To calculate the inlet pipe needed it is 15x diameter (D) + additional flow columing section (B) and 5x diameter (D) for the outlet pipe ($\bigcirc 5.4$ | p. 17). They are both made of stainless steel with a male thread to connect to the existing pipe system.

4 Technical data

4.2.2 Connecting line with potential isolation

As accessory, a connecting line with a potential isolation integrated in the plug is available. The line has a length of 5 m and serves for galvanic isolation between sensor output and connected electronic system. The line will be delivered with an appropriate connection plug for the mass flow sensor on one side and open line ends on the other side.

4.2.3 Replacement sensor

The replacement sensor serves as spare part in the case of damage or loss of the original mass flow sensor.



Please make sure to indicate the certificate no. of the damaged sensor when ordering a new one. This ensures factoring the customized measuring conditions while calibrating.

4.2.4 Calibration options

ISO certificate

An ISO certificate of the manufacturer documents six measuring points incl. measuring conditions.

Test badge for next recalibration

By request a test badge as a reminder of the annual recalibration can be fixed to the sensor.

Sensor parametrization on CO₂ and N₂

At least six measuring points with defined nominal width, standard temperature and pressure for nitrogen or carbon dioxid are parameterized, started up on the test stand and checked regarding the stand volume.

calibrationSERVICE

Safeguard the measuring quality and, with this, the implementation of **ISO 9001 and ISO 50001** through an annual recalibration – on request with immersion sensor to minimize the downtime.

Further support modules (p. 43

5 Installation

5 INSTALLATION

5.1 Identifying the installation position

For the installation position, it is necessary to observe the specified technical data (\bigcirc Section 4.1 | p. 12). At site the following points must be observed:

- Fluid at the installation position must be non-condensing, the measurement location can, for this reason, only be arranged behind a suitable compressed air drier that provides a suitable pressure dew point. Otherwise, the specified measuring accuracy is not ensured.
- Ambient temperature of max + 60 °C (possible heat radiation must be taken into account).
- Consider the required measuring distance (3.4 | p. 17).
- Observe the inflow direction during the installation (@ 5.5 | p. 18).
- Easily accessible and low in vibrations.
- Installation-free space of at least 600 mm is required for dismantling the sensor.

5.2 Linear dimension of the measuringSYSTEM



Inch	DN	L	E	ØD	Ød	н	H1	ISO	AF
		mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm		
1/2 "	15	63	70	35	15	179	55.5	1/2 "	27
3/4 "	20	72.5	70	42.5	20	184	57.5	3/4 "	32
1"	25	83	124	51	25	199	71	1"	41
1 ¼ "	32	100	124	61.5	32	207	76	11/4"	50
1 ½ "	40	110	147	73.5	40	218	83	1½"	55
2 "	50	131	147	89.5	50	228	88	2"	70

5 Installation

5.3 Installation position

The sensor must not be installed as shown in the crossed-out representation in the schematic diagram below. If the flow rate is low, the specified accuracy cannot be adhered to.



The marking arrow shows the flow direction of the fluid.

- **1:** Installation position vertical, flow direction horizontal to the left, sensing element downwards
- **2:** Installation position horizontal, flow direction vertical downwards, sensing element to the rear

- **3:** Installation position horizontal, flow horizontal to the rear, sensing element to the left (heated sensing element upwards)
- **4:** Installation position vertical, flow direction horizontal to the right, sensing element upwards
- **5:** Installation position horizontal, flow direction vertical upwards, sensing element to the rear

Installation position horizontal, flow horizontal to the rear, sensing element to the right (heated sensing element downwards, problems may occur with low flow rates)

5.4 Required measuring distance



Please observe the **required inlet and outlet distance** to reach the specified measuring accuracy. The inlet distance is the piping line length **upstream** of the measuringSYSTEM, the outlet distance the piping line length **downstream** of the measuringSYSTEM with the flow direction of the fluid.

Total measuring distance = inlet distance + outlet distance Outlet distance = 5 x D Inlet distance = 15 x D + B

D = pipe diameter [mm]

B = Additional flow calming section

	Diminution	B = 5 x pipe diameter
[]	90° elbow	B = 5 x pipe diameter
٦ ۲	Two 90° elbows, one level	B = 10 x pipe diameter
	Two 90° elbows, two levels	B = 15 x pipe diameter
	Valve, gate	B = 35 x pipe diameter

5 Installation

5.5 Flow direction

For the installation of the measuring armature, the flow direction must be observed. This is represented by an arrow on the measuring armature. The arrow shows the direction of the fluid flow in the piping line.

5.6 Installation of the sensor in the measuring armature



If the **PB+CO***lock-blind plug is mounted, firstly make sure that the measuring armature has been closed. **Never remove the PB+CO***lock-blind plug or the sensor with open measuring armature – this is extremely dangerous.

1. Remove the red transport cover from the sensor element.



- 2. Mount the sensor into the measuring armature. Observe the correct installation position of the sensor.
- 3. Due to the cylinder pin, the sensor can only be mounted in one position.
- 4. Fasten the sensor **without any tools** to the measuring armature using the cap nut.
- 5. Mount the **PB+CO**[®]**lock** into the intended parking station.
- 6. The mechanical installation of the sensor is now completed.





7. Set the lever of the measuring armature now to the position **OPEN-MEASURE** to take measurements.

5.7 Sensor exchange

The withdrawal of the mounted sensor may be required for maintenance, cleaning and calibration purposes.



If the sensor is changed, firstly make sure that the measuring armature has been closed. Never remove the PB+CO[®]lock-blind plug or the sensor with open measuring armature – this is extremely dangerous.

- Remove the electrical connection line by manually unscrewing the connecting plug from the sensor. Protect the connecting plug against contaminations and humidity.
- 2. Detach the sensor from the measuring armature and withdraw the sensor vertically upwards.
- 3. Use the **PB+CO**[®]**lock**-blind plug (Section 3.2 | p. 11) if the piping line has to be started up without sensor.
- 4. Protect the sensor probe with the red transport cover.

5 Installation

5.8 Electrical connections

Disconnect the voltage supply before making the connections.



The device may **exclusively be installed by a trained electrician**. Follow the national and international regulations for the installation of electrical systems. The voltage supply system shall be designed according to EN50178, SELV, PELV. In order to meet the "limited voltage" requirements according to UL 508, the device must be fed from a galvanically isolated source and equipped with an overcurrent facility.

If you connect the sensor directly or use a **4-core connection line**, proceed according to **5.8.1**.

If you use the optionally available **5-core connecting cable** with potential-free impulse output ((**4**.2.2 | p. 14) **proceed according to 5.8.2 for the connection of the sensor.**

5.8.1 4-core pin assignment

If you do not use the optionally available connecting line for potential isolation, the following line assignment applies to the connecting line or plug assignment directly on the sensor.



Pin No.	Core colour	Assignment
1	Brown	+L (1930 V DC)
2	White	OUT2
3	Blue	0 V DC (GND)
4	Black	OUT1

5.8.1.1 1 x impulse output, 1 x analog output (delivery condition)

The output OUT1 is used as pnp signal output (impulse) and the output OUT2 as analog output. The sensors are delivered in this condition.



5.8.1.2 2 x impulse output

The two existing outputs OUT1 and OUT2 are used as pnp signal output (impulse).



5.8.2 5-core pin assignment (accessories)

If you use the optionally available connecting line for potential isolation ((24.2.2) the following pin assignment applies to the connecting line.

Pin No.	Core colour	Assignment
1	Brown	+L (1930V DC) sensor supply
2	Pink	+ potential-free impulse output (collector) OUT1
3	White	- potential-free impulse output (emitter) OUT1
4	Green	OUT2
5	Black	0 V DC (GND)

6 Operation

The potential-free impulse output OUT1 is specified with this connecting line as follows:

Line type	LiYCY
Length	5 m
Switching capacity	500 mA
Max. switching voltage	36 V
Min. switching voltage	5 V
Switching transition resistance	0.21 Ω
Insulation voltage	5.3 kV
Protected against polarity reversal	Yes

6 OPERATION

Thermal mass flow sensor

Make yourself familiar with the operation and programming of the sensor. The sensor is factory-calibrated and provided with preliminary settings per nominal width.

6.1 Operating and display elements

The following image shows the operating and display unit of the sensor in a top view.



	Туре	Description
1	Indicator LEDs	LED on = set display unit
to	LED 1	Current flowrate (Nl/min)
8	LED 2	Current flowrate (Nm³/h)
	LED 3	Current flow velocity (Nm/s)
	LED	Current consumption rate since last reset (Nm ³)
	LED 4 flashing	Consumption rate before last reset (Nm ³)
	LED 4 and 🌀	Current consumption rate since last reset in 10 ³ (Nm ³)
		(Values > 9999 are displayed in 10 ³ exponential mode)
	LED 4 and 🌀	Consumption rate before last reset in 10 ³ (Nm ³)
	flashing	(Values > 9999 are displayed in 10 ³ exponential mode)
	LED 6	= 10 ³ -exponential mode
	LED (5)	Current medium temperature in °C
	LED 7 SP2	Switching condition of the relevant output (also in the case of an
		active external reset, the LED indicates the status of the input),
	LED (8) SP1	Switching condition of the relevant output
9	4-digit	• Display of the current flow rate (with setting
	alpha-	Uni = Lmin or nm3h and SELd = FLOW)
	numerical	Display of the current flow rate
	display	(with setting Uni = nmS and SELd = FLOW)
		 Display of the meter reading (with setting SELd = TOTL)
		Display of the current fluid temperature
		(with setting SELd = TEMP)
		Display of parameters and parameter values
10	Key Mode / Enter	Selection of parameters and confirmation of parameter values
(11)	Programming	Setting of parameter values
	key Set	Change of display unit in run mode

6 Operation

6.2 Operating modes

6.2.1 Run mode

After switching on the supply voltage, the device is in the **run mode**. It performs its measuring and evaluation function and provides output signals according to the set parameters.

The display shows the actual measured values, the yellow LEDs provide signals on the switching conditions of the outputs.

The display unit can be changed temporarily (shortly press the **Set** key). After 15 s, the device returns to the display unit that was set under the menu item **Uni**.

The totalisator (consumption rate meter) saves intermediate values every 10 minutes as well as the time of the automatic reset that has lapsed by then. After a voltage drop, this value is available as the current totalisator status (the potential data loss may be max. 10 minutes).

6.2.2 Display mode

Display of the parameters and the set parameter values. By shortly pressing the key **Mode / Enter**, the device goes to the **display mode**. Internally, it remains in the working mode. Irrespective of this, the set parameters can be read:

- By shortly pressing the key **Mode / Enter**, the parameters are browsed.
- By shortly pressing the key **Set**, the associated parameter value is indicated for approx. 15 s. After further 15 s, the device returns to the run mode.

6.2.3 Programming mode – setting of parameters

The device goes to the **programming mode** if a parameter is selected and then the **Set** key is pressed and held for more than 5 s (the parameter value is displayed flashing and then increased continuously). The device again remains internally in the working mode.

It continues to execute its monitoring function with the existing parameters until the change is completed.

You can change the parameter value with the aid of the key **Set** and confirm with the **Mode / Enter** key.

The device returns to the measuring mode if no key is pressed after that for 15 s.

7 MENU

In the menu overview (S) is the Set key and (M) the Mode key on the sensor.



(Nm³)* = volume flow rate before last reset

The parameter values in the form of numbers are factory settings or arbitrary examples.

7 Menu

7.2 Menu explanation

SP1/rP1	Switching point or reset point
	Upper/lower limit value for flow rate
ImPS	Impulse valence
ImPR	Impulse repetition yes = active = Impulse output or
	n0 = not active = Function preselection counter
0U1	Output function for OUT1 (flow rate or consumption rate):
	- Switching signal for limit values: Hysteresis function Hno or Hnc
	or window function Fno or Fnc
	o = normally open = NO contact, c = normally closed = NC contact
0112	
002	Switching signal for the limit values: Hystoresis function or
	window function, normally open or normally closed
	- Analog signal: 4-20 mA [1]
	Alternative: OUT2 (Pin2) as input for external reset signal
	Configure: Setting: OU2 = InD
SP2 / rP2	Switching point or reset point
	Upper / lower limit values for flow or temperature
	SP2 and rP2 are only active if OU2 = Hno, Hnc, Fno or Fnc
ASP / AEP	Analog starting point / Analog end point for flow rate or temperature
Din2	Configuration of input (Pin2) for counter reset
EF	Expanded functions / opening of menu level 2
HI / LO	Maximum value memory / minimum value memory for flow rate
FOU1	Behaviour of output 1 in the case of an internal fault
FOU2	Behaviour of output 2 in the case of an internal fault
dAP	Measured value damping / damping constant in seconds
rTo	Counter reset: Manual reset / time-controlled reset
diS	Updating rate and orientation of display
Uni	Standard dimension for flow rate: Nl/min, Nm ³ /h or Nm/s
SELd	Standard measured value of display:
	Flow rate value, counter reading or media temperature

SEL2	Standard measured variable for evaluation through OUT2 : - Limit value signal or analog signal for flow rate - Limit value signal or analog signal for temperature
rEF.P	Standard pressure which the measured and display values for flow rate refer to
rEF.T	Standard temperature which the measured and display values for flow rate refer to
LFC	Low flow cut-off
rES	Reset factory setting

8 PROGRAMMING + PARAMETER SETTING

8.1 Programming

Every parameter setting requires 3 steps: Select parameter – adjust value – confirm



* Reduce value:

Let the display run up to the maximum setting. After that, it starts again from the minimum setting. Adjust the display unit **Uni** before you determine the values for the parameters **SPx, rPx, ASP** and **AEP**. As a result, you avoid rounding errors in the internal conversion to other units and exactly obtain the desired values. Delivery condition: **Uni = nm3h**.

If no key is pressed for 15 s during the setting process, the device returns to the run mode with unchanged values.

Change from menu level 1 to menu level 2



Locking – unlocking

To avoid unintended incorrect entries, the device can be locked electronically. **Delivery condition: unlocked.**



Make sure that the device is in normal working condition. Press **Mode / Enter + Set** keys for 10 s. **Loc** is displayed. During the operation, **Loc** is displayed briefly when the attempt is made to change the parameter values. Press **Mode / Enter + Set** keys for 10 s. **Loc** is displayed.

If **SLoc** is displayed during the attempt to change a parameter value, either an IO-link communication is active (preliminary locking) or the sensor is durably locked through the software. This locking can only be released with the aid of a parameter setting software.

- 8.2 Parameter setting scenarios
- 8.2.1 Settings for flow rate monitoring

8.2.1.1 Configure limit value monitoring with OUT1

Uni	Select and define measuring unit (@ 8.2.4 p.33).
0U1	Select and set switching function.
	Hno = Hysteresis function / normally open
	<pre>Hnc = Hysteresis function / normally closed</pre>
	Fno = Window function / normally open
	Fnc = Window function / normally closed
SP1	Select and set value where the output will switch.
rP1	Select and set value where the output will switch back.

8.2.1.2 Configure limit value monitoring with OUT2

Uni	Select and define measuring unit (@ 8.2.4 p.33).
SEL2	Select and
FLOW	set.
0U2	Select and set switching function.
	Hno = Hysteresis function / normally open
	<pre>Hnc = Hysteresis function / normally closed</pre>
	Fno = Window function / normally open
	<pre>Fnc = Window function / normally closed</pre>
SP2	Select and set value where the output will switch.
rP2	Select and set value where the output will switch back.

8 Programming + Parameter setting

8.2.1.3 Configure analog value for flow rate

Uni	Select and define measuring unit ((@ 8.2.4 p.33).
SEL2	Select and
FLOW	set.
0U2	Select and set function.
	I = flow rate proportional current signal (420 mA)
ASP	Select and set value where the minimum value is provided.
AEP	Select and set value where the maximum value is provided.

8.2.2 Settings for consumption rate monitoring

8.2.2.1 Configure volume monitoring through impulse output

0U1	Select and
ImP	set.
ImPS	Select and set flow rate where 1 impulse
	is provided ((@ 8.2.6 p. 36).
ImPR	Select and
YES	set.
	> Impulse repetition is active. Output 1 always gives a counting
	impulse if the value set in ImPS is reached.

8.2.2.2 Configure volume monitoring through preselection counter

0U1	Select and
ImP	set.
ImPS	Select and set flow rate where Output 1 will switch (
ImPR NO	Select and set. > Impulse repetition is not active. The output switches ON , when the value set in ImPS is reached. It remains switched-on until the counter is reset

8.2.2.3 Configure program-controlled counter reset

rTo	Select, continue with a) or b) a) Manually reset counter
Set	Press until rES.T is displayed, then briefly press Mode / Enter . b) Enter value for time-controlled reset
Set	Press until the desired value is displayed (intervals from 1 hour to 8 weeks), then briefly press Mode / Enter
Set	Press until rES.T is displayed, then briefly press Mode / Enter .

8.2.2.4 Deactivate counter reset

гТо	Select and
OFF	set.
	The counter is only reset after overflow (= factory setting).
	Overflow: After the maximum value (9 999 999 Nm³), the counter is
	reset to 0.

8.2.2.5 Configure counter reset by external signal

0U2	Select and
InD	set.
Din2	Select and set reset signal.
	HIGH = Reset with high signal
	LOW = Reset with low signal
	+EDG = Reset with rising flank
	-EDG = Reset with falling flank

The LED 7 (\bigcirc 6.1. Operating and display elements | p. 22) shows the input status also in the case of an active external reset.

8 Programming + Parameter setting

8.2.3 Settings for temperature monitoring

8.2.3.1 Configure limit value monitoring with OUT2

SEL2	Select and						
TEMP	set.						
0U2	Select and set switching function.						
	Hno = Hysteresis function / normally open						
	<pre>Hnc = Hysteresis function / normally closed</pre>						
	Fno = Window function / normally open						
	<pre>Fnc = Window function / normally closed</pre>						
SP2	Select and set value where output switches.						
rP2	Select and set value where output switches back.						

8.2.3.2 Configure analog value for temperature

SEL2	Select and
TEMP	set.
OUZ	Select and set function.
	I = Temperature-proportional current signal (420 mA)
ASP	Select and set value where the minimum value is displayed.
AEP	Select and set value where the maximum value is displayed.

8.2.4	User settinas i	(optional)
0.6.4	oser settings	(optional)

8.2.4.1 Define standard measuring unit for flow rate

Uni	Select and define measuring unit.
	Lmin = Flow rate in standard litre / minute
	nm3h = Flow rate in standard cubic metre / hour
	nmS = Flow velocity in standard metre / second.
	The setting has only an effect on the flow rate value.
	Set the display unit before setting the values for the parameters SPx ,
	rPx, ASP and AEP. By this, rounding errors are avoided during the
	internal conversion to other units and the desired values are exactly
	obtained.

8.2.4.2 Configure standard display

SELd	Select and define standard measuring unit.						
	FLOW = Display shows current flow rate value in						
	standard measuring unit						
	TOTL = Display shows current counter reading in Nm ³ or 1000 Nm ³						
	TEMP = Display shows current media temperature in °C						
diS	Select and define updating rate and orientation of the display.						
	d1 = Measured value updating every 50 ms						
	d2 = Measured value updating every 200 ms						
	d3 = Measured value updating every 600 ms						
	rd1, rd2, rd3 = Display as d1, d2, d3; rotated by 180°						
	OFF = The display is switched off in the working mode,						
	on pressing the button, the process value appears for 15 s.						

8.2.4.3 Set measured value damping

dAP	Select and set damping constant in seconds
	(t-value 63%).

8.2.4.4 Set error behaviour of outputs

FOU1	Select and define value On = Output 1 is switched ON in the case of a fault. OFF = Output 1 is switched OFF in the case of a fault. > For both values - ON and OFF - the counter does not continue to add in the case of an error. OU = Output 1 operates irrespective of the error case as defined with the parameters
FOU2	Select and define value On = Output 2 is switched ON, in the case of a fault, the analog signal goes to the upper limit value (22 mA). OFF = Output 2 is switched OFF in the case of a fault, the analog signal goes to the lower limit value (3.5 mA). OU = Output 2 operates irrespective of the error case as defined with the parameters. The course of the analog signal corresponds with IEC60947-5-7. Output Characteristic according to analog output according to standard IEC60947-5-7 I: Output characteristic according to analog output according to standard IEC60947-5-7 I: Output characteristic according to analog output according to standard IEC60947-5-7 I: Output characteristic according to analog output according to standard IEC60947-5-7 I: Output characteristic according to analog output according to standard IEC60947-5-7 I: Output characteristic according to analog output according to standard IEC60947-5-7 I: Output characteristic according to analog output according to standard IEC60947-5-7 I: Output current in mA I: Working range I: A reab etween analog starting point and analog end point I: Fror message [Cri.] is displayed I: Heasting range end value I: Error message [OL] is indicated (= overload)

8.2.4.5 Set standard pressure which the measuring and display values for the flow rate refer to

rEF.P	Select and set desired standard pressure.
	Setting range: 9501050 hPa in steps of 1 hPa.

8.2.4.6 Set standard temperature which the measuring and display values for the flow rate refer to

rEF.T Select and set desired standard temperature. Setting range: 0...25 °C in steps of 1 °C.

8.2.4.7 Set low flow cut-off

LFC	Select and set limit value.					
	Setting range: $0.10.8 \text{ Nm}^3/\text{h}$ in steps of $0.1 \text{ Nm}^3/\text{h}$.					

8.2.5 Service functions

8.2.5.1 Read min / max values for flow

HI	or select,
LO	press
Set	briefly.
	HI = maximum value, LO = minimum value
	Delete memory
HI	Or
LO	select.
Set	Press and hold until [] is displayed.
	Shortly press Mode / Enter
	It is reasonable to delete the memory as soon as the device works
	under normal operating conditions for the first time.

8 Programming + Parameter setting

8.2.5.2 Reset all parameters to factory setting



After the reset to factory setting, the value of the memory goes to zero.

rES	Select.
Set	Press and hold until [] is displayed.
	Shortly press Mode / Enter.
	It is reasonable to note the own settings in this table before executing
	the function.

8.2.6 Impulse setting

ImPS	Impulse setting in 7 setting ranges ImPS is only active if OU1 = ImP or OU2 = ImP							
		LED	Displa	ау	Step size	Setting range		
	1	4	0.001	9.999	0,001 Nm ³	0,0019,999 Nm ³		
	2	4	10.00	99.99	0,01 Nm ³	10,0099,99 Nm³		
	3	4	100.0	999.9	0,1 Nm ³	100,0999,9 Nm³		
	4	4	1000	9999	1 Nm³	10009999 Nm ³		
	5	4 + 6	10.00	99.99	10 Nm ³	10 00099 990 Nm ³		
	6	4 + 6	100.0	999.9	100 Nm ³	100 000999 900 Nm ³		
	7	4 + 6	1000	1000		1 000 000 Nm ³		

MA-I	Di
------	----

- Set OU1 to ImP

- Press Mode / Enter until ImPS is displayed.
- Press Set and hold.

> The current numerical value is displayed flashing for 5 s, after that, one of the 4 digits will become active (number is blinking, can be changed).

- Set desired impulse valence:
 - First select the desired setting range (1, 2, 3 ...):

Hold **Set** key until the setting range has the desired value.

- Then enter the value from the left (first digit) to the right (fourth digit).

- Shortly press **Mode / Enter** if all 4 digits have been adjusted.

If **Set** is pressed continuously, the display runs through all ranges. After the end value it goes back to the start value. Then release **Set** briefly and restart the setting.

8.2.7 Hysteresis function

The hysteresis keeps the switching condition of the output stable if the throughput varies around the setpoint. If the flow rate increases, the output switches on when the switching point is reached **SPx**. If the flow rate drops again, the output will only switch back when the reset point **rPx** has been reached. **The hysteresis can be adjusted:** Firstly, the switching point is defined, then the reset point in the desired distance.



8.2.8 Window function

The window function allows the monitoring of a defined acceptance range. If the flow rate moves between switching point **SPx** and reset point **rPx**, the output is switched through (window function / normally open) or opened (window function / normally closed). **The width of the window is adjustable through the distance from SPx to rPx. SPx** = upper value; **rPx** = lower value.



8 Programming + Parameter setting

8.2.9 Scaling of the measuring range

- With the parameter analog starting point **ASP**, you determine at which measured value the output signal is 4 mA.
- With the parameter analog end point **AEP**, you determine at which measured value the output signal is 20 mA.
- Minimum distance between ASP and AEP = 25 % of the measuring range end value



MEW = measuring range end value

In the adjusted measuring range, the output signal is between 4...20 mA.

Furthermore, the following signals are issued:

- Flow rate above the measuring range: Output signal > 20 mA
- Flow rate below the measuring range: Output signal between 3.6 and 4 mA.

9 MAINTENANCE

9.1 Error messages

Display	Description
UL	Measured value < -20 % of the measuring range end value
	(temperature)
OL	Exceeding of the detection area
	(Flow rate > 120 % of the measuring range end value)
SC1	Flashing: Short-circuit in output 1*
SC2	Flashing: Short-circuit in output 2 *
SC	Flashing: Short-circuit in both outputs *
Err	Flashing: Error in the sensing element

* The relevant output is deactivated as long as the short-circuit continues.



These messages are also displayed with deactivated display.

9.2 Sensor cleaning

A sensor cleaning must be conducted:

- Before every calibration / inspection (minimum once a year)
- Regularly during operation.

The sensor can be removed and cleaned.

9.2.1 Cleaning agent

For sensor cleaning, use tenside-containing (alkaline) agents or watersoluble organic solvents (e.g. ethanol). For cleaning various contaminations, especially greases and oils, isopropanol is recommended.



- The sensor must always be cleaned with the **approved cleaning agents.**
- **Do not use any scrubbing (abrasive) cleaning agents.** These may cause irreparable damage on the sensor.
- If required, conduct another inspection after completion of the cleaning treatment.



NOTES

The sensor should be cleaned in an ultrasonic bath within 2 minutes. As cleaning solution e.g. a solution of 99% distilled water with 1% EM 404 from the company EMAG (aluminium and pressure casting cleaner) can be used.

Put the sensor into the mixed solution - the probe must be covered completely.

Switch on the ultrasonic bath for at least 2 minutes. Afterwards clean the sensor probe with pure, distilled water and let it air-dry.

9.3 Calibration

Due to contaminations (e.g. oil, water, particles), an **annual recalibration of the sensor is recommended**; however, at least every 36 months. This is mandatory for accounting purposes.

calibrationSERVICE und calibrationSUB

Safeguard the measuring quality and, with this, the implementation of **ISO 9001 and ISO 50001** through an annual recalibration – as a one-time service or as a cost-efficient subscription and with a free-of-charge immersion sensor, delivered free customer's address – to minimize the downtime.

Further support modules (F) p. 43

10 Troubleshooting

10 TROUBLESHOOTING

10.1 Replacement of defective parts



If defects cannot be remedied, the products must be shut down and protected against unintended commissioning. Immediately replace all other damaged parts.

Any damage on the compressed air meter that affects pressure safety, may **only be remedied by authorized personnel**. After each repair, the technical data of the specifications must be checked by qualified personnel, e.g. pressure test.

For ordering spare parts, please contact our service team, e.g. by telephone under +49(0)561.506309-72 or by email to order@postberg.com.

10.2 Replacement of O-ring and sealing ring

- Keep the sealing areas clean from contaminations.
- Remove sticky deposits from time to time.
- In the case of leaks, contact your supplier.



Risk of fluid leakage! The replacement of sealings may only be performed by authorized qualified personnel.

CAUTION

10.3 Returning sensors

If the sensor needs to be repaired, please contact your supplier. Use the original packaging for the return.

10.4 Disposal



Environmental compatibility was taken into account in the best possible manner for the sensor design. According to the EU Directive 2002/96/EC, the compressed air meter must be disposed off in a **separate collection of electrical and electronic devices** or may be returned to the supplier for disposal. It **must not be disposed of with the unsorted domestic waste. Please observe the local regulations.**

NOTES



SUPPORT OPTIONS

installationSERVICE

Installation of new instrument technology in a pressureless system or without production loss by drilling under pressure

calibrationSERVICE

Annual **recalibration** of the sensor technology to implement ISO 9001 and ISO 50001

calibrationSUB Calibration subscription with annual regular recalibration of the sensor technology and a free-of-charge immersion sensor to minimize the downtime

leakageSERVICE

Qualified removal of leakages identified in the basicCHECK

projectSERVICE

Professional support in the planning and projecting phase

startSERVICE

Electrical startup with connectivity testing for energy management system

userSERVICE

Introduction of your employees into compressed air controlling and the handling of the purchased products

userSEMINAR

Employee introduction for compressed air efficiency as local inhouse training

controlSERVICE

External compressed air controlling, outsourcing of readout, evaluation and analysis including online permanent preview and coordination workshop

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